

## **Post 2015 and Open Government Indonesia: Proposal of OGI 2014 – 2015 Action Plan**

Open, transparent, and inclusive government are the key aspects in establishing Post 2015 development. The concept of such government allows all layers of the society to be able to enjoy the entire development process in order to achieve welfare, which is the goal for all governments. Recommendations from the UN High Level Panel of Eminent Persons Report (A New Global Partnership: Eradicate Poverty and transform economies through Sustainable Development), where President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono is a member of the co-chair with the President of Liberia and the British prime minister, mentioned accountability as the core of global partnership that is built within the framework of the Post 2015 development initiative. Accountability will only be established if the entire community can get their hands on adequate and easy to use information. Without accountability, the Post 2015 global partnership undoubtedly will not be realized. Accountability agenda is also realized along with the promotion of the rule of law and access to justice to address socio-economic disparities and create a peaceful society.

Efforts to achieve accountability for global partnership, in the recommendation of The UN High Level Panel of Eminent Persons Report, is manifested through the existence of a data revolution not only presenting the right data on the achievement of the basic conditions of development in the post 2015 framework, but also ensuring the affordability and ease of the whole layer of the society to take advantage of such data. The Data Revolution utilizes information and communication technology developments with regard to community empowerment in utilizing adequate data and information.

Related to the Post 2015 development framework implementation in the Indonesian context, accountability is realized through the publication of data and useful information to ensure the implementation of development programs, particularly appropriately targeted social security and labor health. Accountability can also minimize leakage in the state revenue sources, especially from income taxes and State-Owned Enterprises (SOE - *BUMN*)/Regional-Owned Enterprises (ROE - *BUMD*). Thus, the amount of fund that can be spent by the government in social development will increase.

The Indonesian government also has the capital to achieve accountability as requested in the UN High Level Panel of Eminent Persons report, and integrate it into a development framework for all through Post-2015 initiative. That capital is Indonesia's position in the global initiative chairmanship of Open Government Partnership (OGP), and Indonesia's having ratified the UN convention to fight corruption, in which guaranteed access to information throughout the community is required.

Based on the monitoring of the implementation of the OGI 2012-2013 Action Plan (<http://www.tifafoundation.org/portfolio-item/english-independent-report-monitoring-implementation-of-open-government-partnership-in-indonesia-2012-2013/>), the main problem in the implementation of OGI is that the web-based publication of information is not accompanied by a policy of equal distribution of information and communications technology infrastructure, as well as information literacy provision by public officials and their utilization by the community. Thus the use of the disparity cannot be overcome.

On that note in order to maximize the achievement of Open Government Indonesia initiative and Post 2015, us, Indonesian CSOs recommend the Indonesian government to formulate OGI Action Plan, which

integrates the policy about data and information publication that encourages the citizens to participate, with the government's program that is orientating in achieving sustainable development goals. This integration will mainstream the principle of proactive disclosure standards of FOI law in publishing SDGs information and related data. The publication also pays attention to the most convenient access to the target group. The recommendations in particular are:

1. To ensure the even distribution of information, communication, and technology infrastructures in Eastern Indonesia.
2. To ensure the availability of basic police and crime information, as well as information in law institution by implementation.
3. To ensure an application of standardized public service standards and public service complaints system that is integrated nationally.
4. To ensure the eradication of corruption through the implementation of access to information and protection of whistleblower.
5. To ensure the initiative of fixing the country's financial management through the implementation of access to information, and increase people's participation under certain supervision.
6. To apply open data and access to information policy in the social security program on the universal sector of health and labour/workers, to ensure that the program is appropriately on target.
7. To apply open data and access to information policy for public supervision on the sectors that may support the state's income, which in turn will add to the development expenditure, including taxes, SEO/REO management, and mining/extractive industries.

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